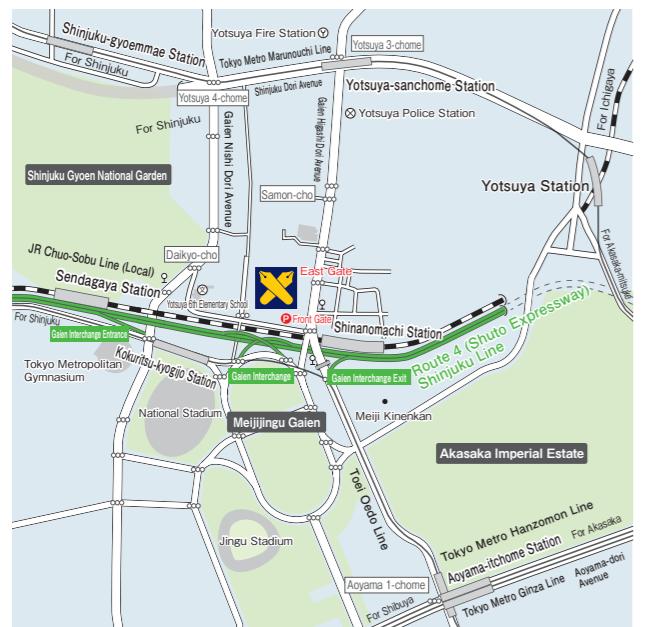


Area Map

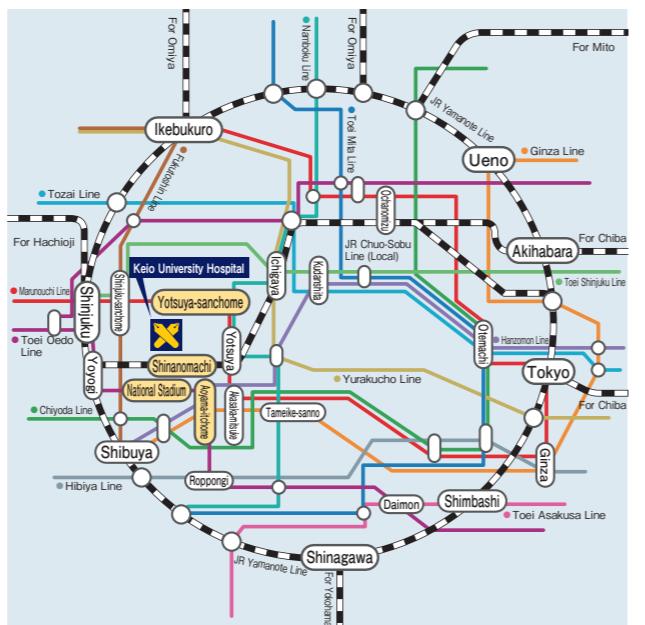


Getting to the Hospital via Public Transportation

JR / Subway

- 1-minute walk from Shinanomachi Station (JR Chuo-Sobu Line)
- 5-minute walk from Kokuritsu-kyogijo Station Exit A1 (Toei Oedo Line)
- 15-minute walk from Yotsuya-sanchome Station Exit 1 (Metro Marunouchi Line)
- 15-minute walk from Aoyama-itchome Station Exit 0 (Metro Hanzomon and Ginza Lines)

Transit Map



Bus

- Shinanomachi-ekimae (Keio Byoin-mae) stop - Toei Bus Shina-97 (品97) running between Shinjuku Station (West Exit) and Shinagawa Station (Takanawa Exit)
- Yotsuya Dairoku Shogakko Iriguchi stop - Toei Bus So-81 (早81) running between Shibuya Station (East Exit) and Sodai Seimon (Waseda University)

Car

- Parking space is extremely limited at the hospital. Visitors are kindly asked to find other accommodation if hospital parking is full and are encouraged to use public transportation instead.
- * Please allow yourself extra time to get to the hospital on days with bad weather.

Maps & Directions on the Keio University Hospital Website
<https://www.hosp.keio.ac.jp/en/kotsu/>



Contact Information

Outpatient Appointment Centers (Initial Visits / Appointment Confirmation & Rescheduling / Diagnostic Test Rescheduling)

New Patients

03-3353-1257 (8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.)

03-5363-3020 (for initial outpatient cancer visits)

* A referral letter is required in order to make a reservation.

* Hospital visits made without a referral will incur a medical fee of 9,900 yen plus tax. Please contact the New Patient Appointment Center for more information.

Appointment Confirmation & Rescheduling (Excluding Dentistry & Oral Surgery / Testing)

03-3353-1205 (8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.)

Dentistry & Oral Surgery Appointments

03-3353-1211

Dentistry & Oral Surgery Reception (8:30 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.)

Rescheduling (CT, MRI, Endoscopy, Ultrasound, ECG, PET, SPECT, etc.)

03-3353-1205 (8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.)

03-5363-3654 (4:30 p.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

Cashier (Medical Payments)

03-5363-3656 (8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

Medical Records Counter

(Medical Certificates / Proof of Treatment / Public Expense Forms)

03-5363-3531 (8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

Clinical Liaison Bed Management (Admission & Discharge)

03-5363-3855 (8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

Office for Clinical Liaison, Division of Clinical Liaison

03-3353-1889 (8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.)

Second Opinion Services

03-3353-1139 (8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.)

Cancer Support Center

03-5363-3285 (Monday-Friday: 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

Patient Support Center

03-5363-3638 (9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.)

Center for Preventive Medicine

03-6910-3533 (8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

General Inquiries

03-3353-1211

Reception Hours

Outpatient Reception

8:40 a.m. - 11:00 a.m.

Non-Consultation Days

Sundays, 1st and 3rd Saturdays,

National Holidays, and New Year Holidays (12/30 - 1/4)

*Outpatient services may be provided on scheduled non-consultation days. See the hospital website for details.



35 Shinanomachi, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160-8582 Tel: 03-3353-1211





Our Mission

To provide compassionate, reliable, patient-centered health care.

To develop and provide advanced medical care and ensure its quality and safety.

To foster the development of medical professionals

who possess intellectual depth and compassionate understanding.

To contribute to the welfare of mankind through ethical medical science and medical care.



Our Principles

1. Patient-Centered Care
2. Safe, High-Quality Medicine
3. Constant Self Inspection
4. Medical Professionals with Independence and Self-Respect
5. Hospital-Wide Team Medicine
6. Innovative Medicine
7. Ethics & Human Rights

We provide care that is respectful of, and responsive to, individual patients and their needs to overcome disease.

We work to maintain the highest standards of safety and quality in medical care.

We are dedicated to constant improvement through evaluation and self-inspection.

We promise to fulfill our social mission as responsible, independent individuals.

We practice comprehensive team medicine that unites the hospital.

We integrate basic and clinical approaches to actively pursue new medical treatments.

We promote medical care that respects human dignity, ensuring the highest ethical standards.

Patient Rights

- To receive medical care that respects your privacy
- To receive safe, reliable, and high-quality medical care
- To receive a clear and detailed explanation of your medical care
- To choose what medical care you receive
- To state your opinions and wishes regarding your medical care
- To receive a second opinion regarding your medical care

Patient Responsibilities

- To provide accurate information regarding medical treatments
- To ask for more information when an explanation about medical treatment is unclear
- To refrain from violence, abusive language, or other harassing behavior toward patients and staff, and to follow all laws and hospital rules and regulations
- To settle all hospital payments for treatment received without delay

Message from the Director General

Grounded in Innovation and Trust: The Mission and Future of the Keio University Hospital

Since its founding in 1920, Keio University Hospital has pursued its mission for over a century, guided by the three pillars of medical care, research, and education. We remain dedicated to contributing to society by providing compassionate, patient-centered care, generating new knowledge, and nurturing the next generation of healthcare professionals.

As a core hospital for advanced acute care, we offer highly specialized treatment across a wide range of clinical fields. A major responsibility of a university hospital is to respond swiftly and effectively to serious illnesses and complex symptoms, offering treatments based on scientific evidence. While each department fulfills a distinct role, we collaborate across disciplines and professions to deliver care tailored to each individual. We also pursue future-oriented initiatives such as regenerative medicine, genomic medicine, and AI-assisted diagnostics, with the goal of realizing personalized healthcare.

A robust network is essential to ensure the reliable delivery of acute care. Rather than providing care in isolation, we collaborate with affiliated hospitals and community healthcare providers, coordinating before and after treatment to expand our capacity to serve more patients. This system enables us to fulfill our role as a core hospital where patients from across Japan can receive care with peace of mind. As a Tokyo Disaster Base Hospital, we maintain constant readiness to serve as the hub of medical relief in the event of large-scale disasters or other emergencies, such as a major metropolitan earthquake.

We also place great importance on fostering a culture of medical safety rooted in safety and trust. By working together across departments and professions and sharing initiatives, all staff strive to prevent accidents before they occur and to ensure the delivery of high-quality care. We believe that it is only within an environment of safety and trust that medical progress and patient-centered care are possible.

A university hospital serves as both a setting for clinical practice and a center for research and education. The cycle of linking issues identified in daily practice to research, and applying those results back to the clinic, drives the development of new treatments and diagnostic methods. In this process, many physicians and healthcare staff grow and go on to become the professionals who will shape the future. We are committed to nurturing promising talent and fulfilling our responsibility to equip them with the compassion and intellect expected of healthcare professionals in society.

In recent years, we have advanced digital transformation and initiatives related to the AI Hospital project, in an effort to build next-generation healthcare models. By fully leveraging electronic health records and health data, we strive to enhance both the efficiency and quality of care, while also utilizing surgical support robots and biosensing technologies to advance clinical practice. In doing so, we deliver better care to patients while also helping to reduce the burden on healthcare professionals. We believe that promoting digital transformation goes beyond technological innovation and serves as a powerful force for realizing truly patient-centered care.

The mission of a university hospital extends beyond national borders. We must also maintain a global perspective and strengthen partnerships with overseas university hospitals and research institutions. Through international collaborative research and talent exchange, the Keio University Hospital incorporates world-class knowledge and technologies to further enhance patient care. In doing so, we contribute to the broader advancement of medicine and healthcare in Japan. We believe that such international networks provide significant learning opportunities for future healthcare leaders and also help enhance the quality of education.

Our tradition grounds us as we continue to value innovation and trust and to fulfill our responsibility in advanced acute care. By expanding our networks in Japan and abroad, we will continue to deliver reassurance and hope as a hospital and pioneer the future of medicine as a university hospital dedicated to the health and happiness of our patients.

Koichi Fukunaga

Director General, Keio University Hospital



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Major Initiatives & Events in 2024–2025

1 Establishment of a Breast Surgery Department

Previously part of the Division of General and Gastroenterological Surgery, an independent clinical department for breast surgery was established on April 1, 2025. The department will continue to provide patient-centered care that integrates tradition and innovation with compassion and warmth.

Building on the distinguished legacy of Keio Surgery—one of the most historic surgical programs in Japan—we integrate new knowledge, advanced techniques, and cutting-edge technologies to deliver high-quality medical care aimed at achieving a complete cure for breast cancer. From diagnosis through surgery, breast reconstruction, radiation therapy, and pharmacotherapy to long-term follow-up, we have established a finely coordinated multidisciplinary framework in close collaboration with other departments, including Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, Radiology, and Obstetrics and Gynecology. By leveraging the strengths of our university hospital as a comprehensive medical institution, we provide safe and reliable medical care and surgical treatment for patients with preexisting or chronic conditions.

The distinctive features of the new department can be broadly divided into three key areas.

1. Expert Treatment That Combines Curative and Aesthetic Excellence

All medical consultations and surgeries are performed by board-certified breast surgeons accredited by the Japanese Breast Cancer Society. In breast reconstruction, we work in close collaboration with the Department of Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery to provide a wide range of options, from implant-based reconstruction to autologous tissue reconstruction, tailored to meet each patient's individual needs.

2. Robust Multidisciplinary Collaboration Unique to a University Hospital

We provide safe, dependable care and surgery for patients with lifestyle-related diseases such as diabetes and hypertension, as well as for those with more serious conditions, including heart disease after surgery or collagen disorders. Working closely with other departments, we ensure well-coordinated, comprehensive treatment. We also hold joint conferences with Radiology and other departments to discuss surgical cases and treatment planning.

3. Active Engagement in Advanced Medicine and Clinical Research

As one of Japan's leading Core Clinical Research Hospitals, we participate in clinical research and clinical trials that contribute directly to improving patient care. In collaboration with the Center for Cancer Genomics, we provide new forms of medical care, such as selecting treatment strategies based on genetic testing.

Our department is committed to patient-centered medical care paired with warm hospitality and compassion, ensuring that every patient receives treatment with confidence and peace of mind.



2 Establishment of the Oligometastasis Center

In March 2025, as one of our centers for interdisciplinary care, we established Japan's first Oligometastasis Center. Oligometastasis refers to a condition in which a small number (generally five or fewer) of distant cancer metastases are present. Traditionally, when distant metastases were detected, systemic therapy was the standard treatment recommendation. However, recent studies have reported that for patients with a limited number of metastases, local treatments—such as surgical resection, radiation therapy, percutaneous therapies (radiofrequency ablation, microwave ablation, and cryoablation), or combinations of these methods—may contribute to prolonged survival or even complete cure. As a result, local therapy for oligometastasis has been attracting increasing attention. Systemic therapies, including chemotherapy, hormone therapy, molecular targeted therapy, immune checkpoint inhibitors, and genomic medicine, are also advancing rapidly. However, the most suitable treatment approach for each individual patient has not yet been clearly defined, and careful, case-specific evaluation remains essential.

In Japan, treatment for oligometastasis has traditionally been managed separately by various departments involved in cancer care. At this new center, we integrate the knowledge and experience of multiple specialties to provide the best possible treatment for each patient. In doing so, we refer to therapies recommended in relevant clinical guidelines while also taking into account each patient's values, wishes, and lifestyle. Through this multidisciplinary collaboration, we aim to deliver better care and to establish a more systematic framework for oligometastasis treatment.



Oligometastasis Center Staff

3 A New Classification of Clinical Departments: Internal Medicine, Surgery, and Cross-Disciplinary

Clinical departments at hospitals are generally classified into two categories: internal medicine and surgery. However, since April 2025, the Keio University Hospital website has introduced a third category: cross-disciplinary. Departments of internal medicine and surgery are vertically organized according to their respective specialties, while cross-disciplinary departments are intended to broadly support all specialized fields and contribute to improving the overall quality of the hospital. Through strong vertical integration and horizontal cross-ties, we aim to deliver even better medical care.

Medical Departments			Surgical Departments		
Pulmonary Medicine	Cardiology	Neurology	General and Gastroenterological Surgery	Breast Surgery	General Thoracic Surgery
Gastroenterology and Hepatology	Nephrology, Endocrinology and Metabolism	Hematology	Cardiovascular Surgery	Neurosurgery	Pediatric Surgery
Neurology	Rheumatology	Pediatrics	Orthopedic Surgery	Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	Obstetrics
Rheumatology	Neuropsychiatry		Gynecology	Ophthalmology	Dermatology
Neuropsychiatry			Urology	Otorhinolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery	Dentistry and Oral Surgery

Cross-Disciplinary Departments			
Diagnostic Radiology	Radiation Oncology	Rehabilitation Medicine	Anesthesiology
Emergency and Critical Care Medicine	General Medicine	Clinical Laboratory	Diagnostic Pathology

4 Business Continuity Plan (BCP) for During Disasters

A BCP (Business Continuity Plan) refers to a plan for maintaining the operations of an organization or institution during emergencies such as natural disasters. In Japan, the importance of BCPs has gained increasing attention, particularly following the Great East Japan Earthquake of 2011.

Whereas a disaster manual is designed primarily to ensure the safety of patients and staff and to secure necessary resources during a disaster, the BCP focuses on maintaining the hospital's ability to continue providing medical services even amid such conditions. For designated disaster base hospitals, having a BCP is essential in responding to large-scale disasters and other emergencies. At our hospital, the first edition of the BCP was developed in 2013, and after several revisions, including a review by an expert formerly of the Fire and Disaster Management Agency, the third edition was completed in August 2022, which remains in effect today.

We continue to evaluate and improve our BCP through regular disaster response drills led by our Disaster Medical Assistance Team (DMAT). In June 2025, a training exercise was conducted under the theme "Practical Evaluation for Sustained Operations over Extended Periods." The hospital's Director General, Vice Directors, and Nursing Director all participated, working together as one team to ensure a prompt and coordinated response and to maintain medical services in times of crisis.

As the circumstances surrounding hospitals and society continue to evolve, it is essential to regularly review and update the BCP. A BCP serves as a vital framework for protecting patients, healthcare professionals, and hospital functions during emergencies. We will continue to regularly review and enhance our BCP to ensure calm and effective responses even when facing serious risks.



During task force training



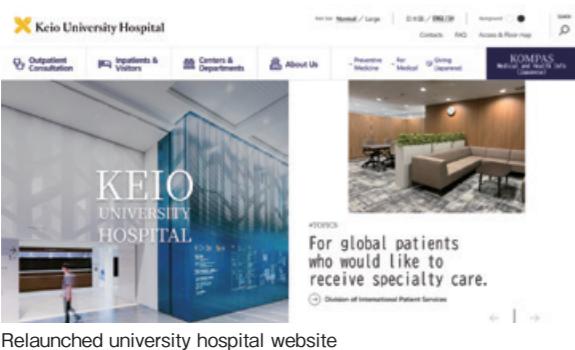
Training in a mock hospital ward

5 Relaunch of the Keio University Hospital Website and “KOMPAS”

In March 2025, Keio University Hospital's official website was redesigned for the first time in about ten years. Although the previous website offered a wealth of content, its design had become outdated, and its structure had grown increasingly complex over time. Likewise, KOMPAS (Keio Hospital Information & Patient Assistance Service), a medical and health information portal managed by the Shinanomachi Media Center, had been highly regarded for its content but faced similar challenges. Over ten years had passed since its launch, and the site required visual updates and improved responsiveness for smartphones and tablets. Both websites were relaunched together, and by introducing a unified design and a navigation structure that allows users to seamlessly navigate between them, we aimed to make valuable information more widely accessible.

The relaunch was led by the Website Relaunch Committee, composed of members from various departments, which managed the selection of contractors and planning of the new site. The relaunch was guided by the basic policy of maintaining existing content while simplifying navigation and introducing a new design. We worked to organize scattered content and consolidate entry points to related information. We also focused on simplifying the site structure and navigation paths to help users easily and intuitively find the information they need. Although the hospital website and KOMPAS remain on separate domains, users can now switch between them via tabs on the top page, enabling a seamless browsing experience that feels like a single integrated site.

The relaunch has significantly enhanced the quality of both websites, and we will continue to add and update content to ensure that the websites provide valuable and reliable information for patients, healthcare professionals, and the broader community.



Relaunched university hospital website



Relaunched “KOMPAS”

6 Support for the World Athletics Championships Tokyo 2025

In September 2025, our hospital served as a designated hospital for the World Athletics Championships Tokyo 2025, held primarily at the nearby National Stadium. We provided emergency medical care for athletes, staff, and other event personnel experiencing a range of medical conditions. In addition, our physicians took the lead in managing the stadium's medical office, which cared for spectators, media personnel, and others who became unwell, providing on-site examinations and treatment to many.

Our hospital also provided medical support during the Tokyo 2020 Olympic and Paralympic Games, held in 2021. Drawing on the preparations and experience gained from that event, we were able to deliver reliable medical services throughout this championship, which attracted more than 600,000 spectators.



7 Keio Outstanding English Communication Award (KOECA)

The Keio Outstanding English Communication Award (KOECA) was established through the generous donation of Dr. Akiko Suganuma, an alumna of the Keio University School of Medicine. The award aims to strengthen the English communication skills of frontline medical staff, enhance the quality of care provided to international patients, and foster greater motivation among hospital personnel.

The first award ceremony was held on February 20, 2025, followed by the second on July 17, 2025. Certificates and badges were presented to 21 recipients who met the award criteria, 20 from the Department of Nursing and one from the Department of Pharmacy. Award recipients proudly wear their badges on their uniforms as they carry out their daily duties.



8 Launch of the Transport Robot FORRO

To reduce the workload of healthcare staff and improve operational efficiency, our hospital began testing the FORRO transport robot, developed by Kawasaki Heavy Industries, in February 2025, followed by full-scale implementation in FY2025. Two robots were introduced: one dedicated to transporting specimens between the wards, the ER, and examination rooms, and another for delivering medications from the Department of Pharmacy to the wards. The robots operate 24 hours a day, running scheduled route deliveries during the day and providing on-demand deliveries at night in response to calls from dedicated terminals. The system now enables scheduled medication deliveries even on non-consultation days, something that was not possible when transportation was handled manually by staff. The robots travel smoothly through the crowded outpatient areas of Buildings 1 and 2, coordinating with multiple elevators and security doors from different manufacturers to perform fully autonomous transport throughout the hospital. We plan to continue exploring new ways to make even more effective use of FORRO.



9 Hybrid Format for Forum to Promote Medical Collaboration

Since August 2018, we have hosted the Forum to Promote Medical Collaboration to strengthen medical collaboration through networking and information exchange. These forums have welcomed guests from neighboring medical associations, regional partner hospitals under the Keio Medical Partners network, occupational physicians, relevant medical institutions, and staff from nursing and care facilities. On July 4, 2025, the 17th Forum to Promote Medical Collaboration was held in a hybrid format, combining online and in-person participation. Local physicians from nearby medical associations attended the event at the hospital.

The forum featured two presentations: “Efforts to Strengthen Medical Collaboration,” by the director of the Division of Clinical Liaison, and “Progressive Initiatives in Medical Care,” by representatives from the Breast Surgery Department, the Center for Cancer Genomics, and the Oligometastasis Center. Through this forum, we were able to highlight the strengths and latest initiatives of the Keio University Hospital.

The event also saw participation from medical institutions outside the area, and many people later viewed a recording of the session on demand. Regional participants noted that they were able to learn about the latest medical developments and appreciated the hospital's commitment to collaborative care. The strong interest once again reflected the high level of attention this event receives. Going forward, the Forum for Promoting Medical Cooperation will allow us to continue to gather feedback from local communities, strengthen our collaborations, and advance our efforts in medical cooperation.

Presentation: “Progressive Initiatives in Medical Care”



Giving to the Hospital

Keio University Hospital utilizes your generous support for the development of its wide - ranging clinical practices as well as medical education and research. We would like to express our sincere appreciation for the substantial support and donations we have received. Donations are tax-deductible, and donors may choose to designate their gifts to any of our activities, including: support for expanding and maintaining medical care at the Keio University Hospital as well as medical and educational research at Shinanomachi Campus; support for further development of medical research; and support for further education development at the School of Medicine. Please contact the following offices for more information.

Contact

Office	Contact Information
Executive Office (Shinanomachi Campus)	03-5363-3430 (Monday-Friday: 9:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.)
Office of Fund Raising (Mita Campus)	03-5427-1898 (Monday-Friday: 10:00 a.m. – 3:00 p.m.) kikin-box@adst.keio.ac.jp https://kikin.keio.ac.jp/ (Japanese)

Uniting Basic and Clinical Approaches in Research

Rapid Translation of New Medical Technologies from Academia to Bedside

Keio University conducts research across a variety of faculties and graduate schools, the Institute for Advanced Biosciences, and well-being research centers directly related to the fields of biomedical science and medicine, including nursing and medical medicine, pharmacy, science and technology, and environment and information studies. Through close collaboration and coordination, we are promoting a comprehensive, holistic approach to research. Keio University Hospital established the Clinical and Translational Research Center (CTR) in August 2014, followed by the Clinical Research Administration Center in August 2019. Shibusaburo Kitasato, the first dean of the School of Medicine, championed the integration of basic science and clinical practice for innovative healthcare, and that philosophy has informed the center's development of a system that provides support for all research, from basic research to clinical trials.

Keio University has earned accreditation from the Minister of

Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology as a translational research support organization for facilitating research that transforms outstanding basic research findings from universities and other establishments into innovative drugs, medical devices, and other products. The Clinical and Translational Research Center provides R&D support for early-stage medical research (called "seeds" for pharmaceuticals, medical devices, regenerative medicine products, and in vitro diagnostic products) originating in academia that is poised for clinical application. Recognized under medical law as a Core Clinical Research Hospital, we are also leading the way in promoting clinical research and investigator-initiated IND/IDE trials of high international standard, with the objective of developing Japan's medical sector through the advancement of innovative drugs, devices, regenerative medicine products, and medical technologies.

Clinical Research Conduct Policy

For a better, brighter future in medicine, research at Keio University Hospital adheres to the following principles:

1. Protection of Research Subjects
2. Legal Compliance
3. Research Integrity
4. Professional Development
5. Giving Back to Society

We put our research subjects first, giving the highest priority to physical safety, privacy, and human rights, and obtain informed consent by providing thorough, detailed explanations.
We comply with laws and ethical rules to fulfill our responsibilities as a corporate citizen.
We have a zero-tolerance policy for dishonesty in research and live up to Keio's founding principle of the university as a "source of honorable character," pursuing research results that are ethically and scientifically sound.
We train the medical professionals who will define the future of health care.
We support clinical research and mutual cooperation not just from bench to bedside but also from bedside to community, where findings can have practical applications that will contribute to the future of society.

Clinical Trials & Clinical Research

Clinical research is medical research conducted in cooperation with patients and others to reveal the causes of disease, to improve prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and to aid in recovery from injury and improve quality of life. Depending on its content, research must follow specific regulations, which are implemented under policies such as the Ethical Guidelines for Medical and Health Research Involving Human Subjects, the Clinical Research Conduct Policy, and the Act on Securing Safety of Regenerative Medicine." As shown below, our clinical research is conducted only after deliberation by the Ethics Committee and other bodies. Clinical trials are aimed at collecting the data (efficacy, safety, etc.) necessary for pharmaceutical approval of new drug candidates and are conducted with patients who understand the content of the study and have given their written consent. Trials are conducted in accordance with the Act on Securing Quality, Efficacy and Safety of Products Including Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices and other government regulations, and as with clinical research, they are reviewed and approved by the Institutional Review Board as shown in the table below.

Number of new clinical trial contracts approved by the Keio University Hospital Institutional Review Board

Category	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Industry-Sponsored Clinical Trials	Pharmaceuticals	36	39	36	37
	Medical Devices	0	2	4	1
	Regenerative Medicine Products	0	3	0	2
Investigator-Initiated Clinical Trials	Pharmaceuticals	4	6	6	1
	Medical Devices	1	1	0	1
Total	41	51	46	42	47

*The total number of new clinical trial contracts is calculated on a fiscal-year basis

Number of new research projects approved by the School of Medicine and Keio University Hospital

Category	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Clinical Research (specific and non-specific)	21	19	15	20	13
Regenerative Medicine Provision Plan	3	1	1	0	1
Research on Ethical Guidelines	355	348	340	388	372
Other Medical Programs and Studies	6	28	8	4	1
Total	385	396	364	412	387

*The total number of new research projects are calculated on a fiscal-year basis (includes applications from the previous fiscal year)

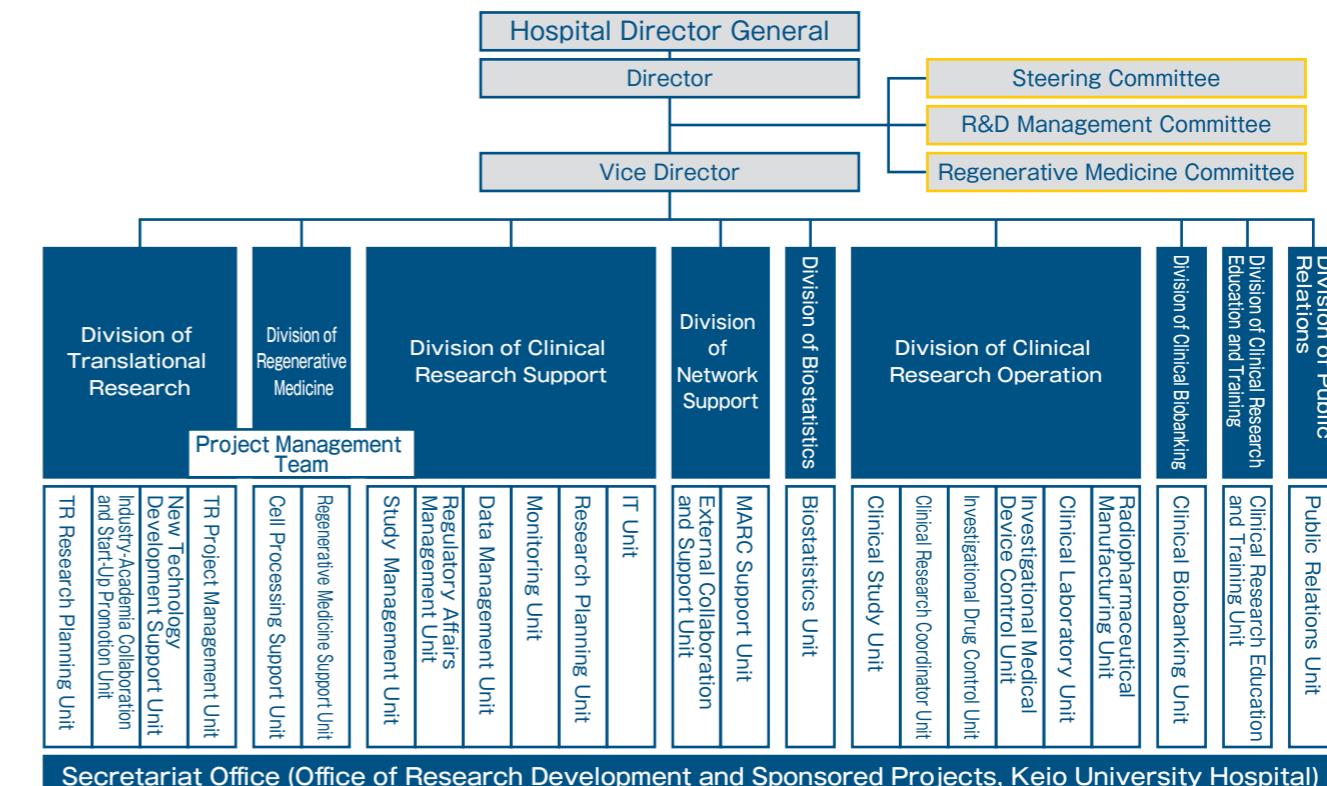
Clinical and Translational Research Center

The Clinical and Translational Research Center (CTR) upholds the mission of continually pursuing superior medical technologies to deliver appropriate healthcare tailored to societal needs and to contribute to the advancement of human health. In order to safely and effectively translate the results of basic research from the laboratory to the bedside, the center provides researchers with professional support in each phase of research and development. We have also established a Steering Committee and R&D Management Committee, both of which allow interdepartmental collaboration for seamless R&D support.

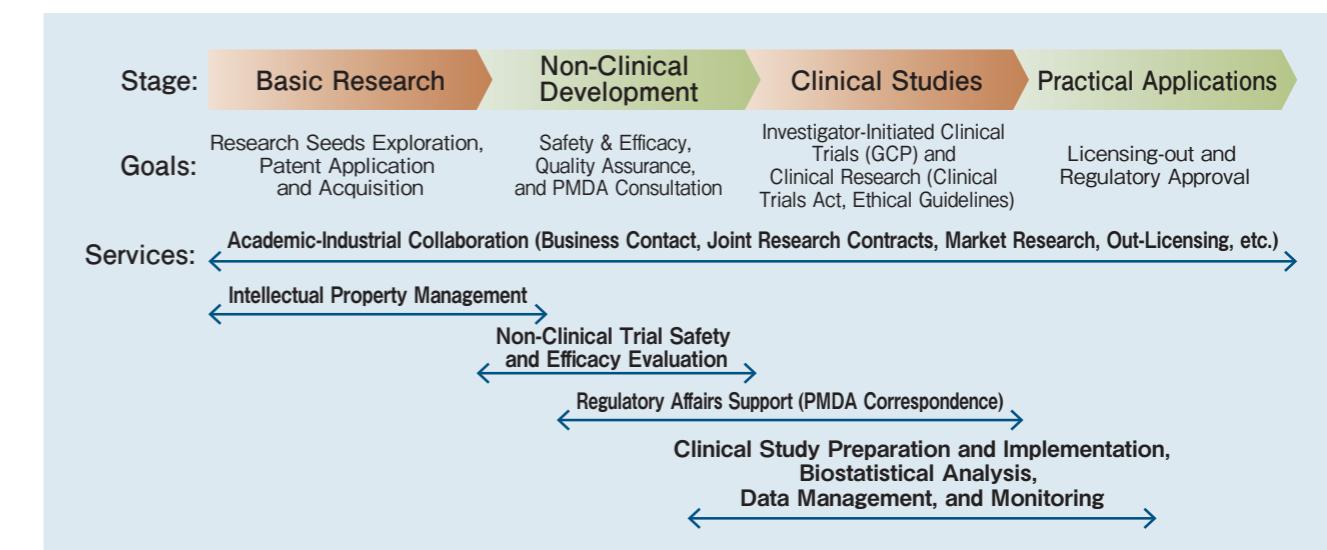
For more information, please visit the center's website:
► <https://www.ctr.hosp.keio.ac.jp/en/>



Organizational Structure of the Clinical and Translational Research Center



Development Stages and R&D Support



Clinical Research Administration Center

The Clinical Research Administration Center was established in August 2019 to ensure the proper implementation of clinical research and clinical trials based on the hospital's mission and our Clinical Research Conduct Policy.

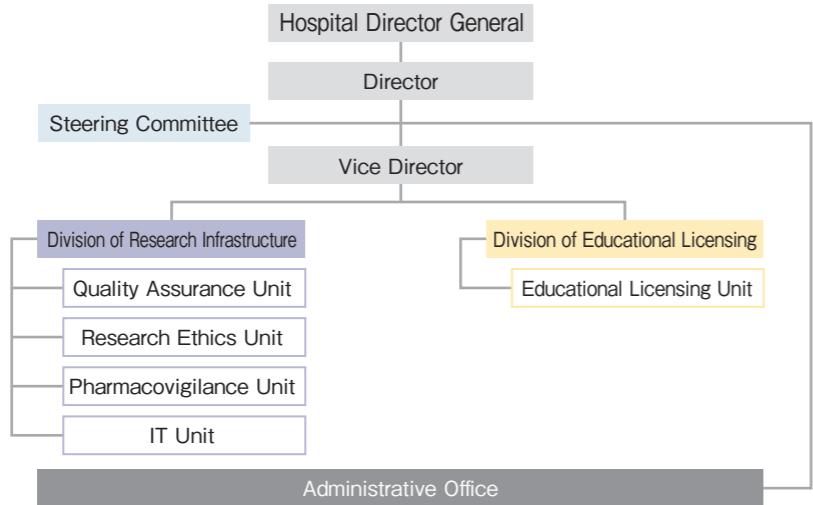
The center oversees the following duties to assist the Director General with responsibilities stipulated by laws and regulations, ethical guidelines, etc.

1. Develop and implement ethics training programs and other education and training related to clinical research
2. Conduct audits and other reviews for quality control and assurance in clinical research
3. Provide relevant safety information for adverse events and diseases related to clinical research
4. Perform tasks necessary to comply with laws, regulations, and ethical guidelines related to clinical research
5. Perform any other tasks as directed by the Director General

For more information, please visit the center's website:
► <https://www.crea.hosp.keio.ac.jp/> (Japanese)



Organizational Structure of the Clinical Research Administration Center



Advanced Hospital Initiatives

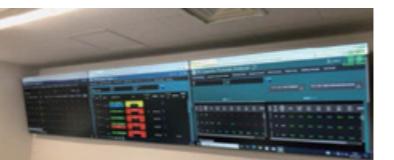
► AI Hospital Project

Keio University Hospital was selected for the Innovative AI Hospital System (AI Hospital) Project as part of the Cross-ministerial Strategic Innovation Promotion Program (SIP) in October 2018. Since then, we have implemented a range of IT and AI technologies, including data visualization and digitization, medical robots, generative AI, imaging AI for endoscopy and X-rays, and non-contact and remote care solutions. In October 2023, we were selected for the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare's Small Business Innovation Research project, supporting collaboration with startups to accelerate the development of services tailored to clinical needs. In addition to promoting technological development, the project aims to validate a unified "Healthcare AI Platform" that delivers integrated AI-based services, and to establish governance functions that ensure the reliable deployment of a nationwide AI hospital system. We are currently working with five startup companies on the following initiatives:

- Development and deployment of a cloud-based rehabilitation medical information platform
- Development and deployment of an AI-assisted shift scheduling system for healthcare professionals
- Deployment of mail-in ECG testing using E-skin ECG technology
- Development and implementation of tools to streamline emergency medical workflows
- Implementation of a customized AI-assisted medical questionnaire system for advanced hospitals

These AI-driven initiatives are also highlighted on our hospital's website. We have welcomed numerous visitors from both Japan and abroad who are interested in seeing these efforts firsthand. If you would like to schedule a visit, please visit our website:

While continuing to build on past projects, we remain committed to harnessing IT and AI technologies to deliver safe, reliable, and cutting-edge medical care for our patients.



Command center for hospital bed management introduced through the AI Hospital System (AI Hospital) Project



Hospital website introducing initiatives that leverage AI technology

► <https://www.hosp.keio.ac.jp/about/feature/aihospital/> (Japanese)



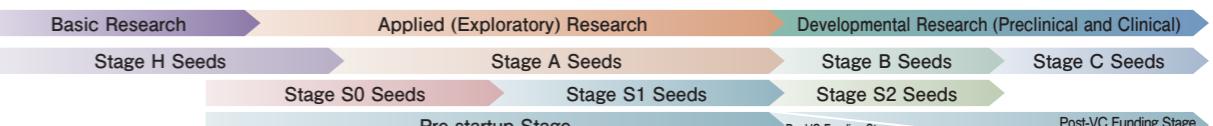
Research

Approaches & Achievements as a Translational and Clinical Research Core Center

Translational Research Support

In December 2021, Keio University earned accreditation from the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology as a translational research support organization for facilitating research that transforms outstanding basic research findings from universities and other establishments into innovative drugs, medical devices, and other products. The Clinical and Translational Research Center welcomes research ideas (commonly known as "seeds") with potential for clinical application, with comprehensive support systems established for each stage of research development. In FY2019, we launched an initiative to discover and develop technologies from outside the medical field (holistic, interdisciplinary Stage H Seeds) that may have potential medical applications, and we continue to promote the practical application of unprecedented and innovative medical technologies. Among these early-stage research seeds, those that have transitioned to Stage C are primarily being conducted as specific clinical trials and physician-led clinical trials at Keio University Hospital, which is accredited as a core clinical research hospital.

And since FY2024, Keio University has been selected as a base institution for the University Medical Startup Support Program, promoting social application beyond corporate commercialization by discovering, supporting, and nurturing medical startups.



Stages and Positioning of Research Seed Development

Stage H Seeds: Interdisciplinary exploratory projects focused on verifying the fundamental principles of elemental technologies
Stage A Seeds: Projects aiming to identify development candidates, define product concepts, and build a patent strategy
Stage B Seeds: Projects focused on obtaining preclinical proof of concept (via GLP-compliant studies) and preparing for clinical trial applications
Stage C Seeds: For early-career researchers. Aims to develop a viable business plan by the end of the support period

Stage S0 Seeds: For early-career researchers. Aims to develop a viable business plan by the end of the support period
Stage S1 Seeds: For researchers in the pre-startup stage. Aims to establish a startup by the end of the support period, following funding discussions with venture capital firms and other stakeholders
Stage S2 Seeds: For early-stage startups. Aims to secure sustainable private funding to support independent operations by the end of the support period

Number of Supported Projects by Area for Each Seed

Total seed projects as of July 26, 2025: 171

Seeds	Neurology	Neurology	Ophthalmology	Otolaryngology	Dentistry	Respiratory	Cardiology	Gastroenterology	Nephrology	Urology	Reproductive Health	Hematology	Musculoskeletal	Dermatology	Oncology	Immunotherapy	Endocrinology	Infectious Diseases	Pain Management	Pediatrics	Other	Total (excluding duplicates)
H: Holistic, interdisciplinary research	0	2	0	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	1	4	0	0	4	29
A: Basic Research	1	5	0	2	0	3	5	7	1	2	2	2	3	1	15	3	2	7	1	1	6	69
B: Non-Clinical PoCs	1	12	2	0	0	2	3	8	1	2	0	0	5	2	8	1	1	2	0	1	0	51
C: Clinical Trials	0	2	1	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	21
S: Startups	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Major Research Areas of Translational Research Support

Cancer (65 Projects)

Keio's largest number of research seeds target cancer. We promote R&D for regulatory approval of pharmaceuticals, medical devices, and regenerative medical products.

Immunotherapy (15 Projects)

The Immunotherapy Center specializes in the treatment of immunologic disease using biological drugs in cross-sectional cooperation with other departments while also developing new treatment regimens.

Regenerative Medicine (24 Projects)

As one of Japan's premier centers for regenerative medicine advancement, we are promoting the practical application of various therapies, including regenerative medicine using iPS cells. Our current research targets include spinal cord, heart, and cornea treatments.

Collaboration with the Metropolitan Academic Research Consortium (MARC)

The Metropolitan Academic Research Consortium (MARC) was established in January 2017 to help deliver to the medical community innovative medicine and medical devices developed at Japanese universities. MARC does this in a number of ways: through forming partnerships and collaborative relationships between clinical research institutions, including private medical universities in the Tokyo metropolitan area; establishing a system for translational research that integrates clinical and non-clinical research for commercializing the results of basic research in academia; and through professional development and information sharing. Since then, the number of partnering institutions has steadily increased, and in April 2022, MARC was formally established as a general incorporated association. Moving forward, the Clinical and Translational Research Center will continue our collaboration with MARC to conduct extensive translational research support, including for early-stage research seeds from outside the university. Learn more at the MARC Website. ► <http://marc-med.org/> (Japanese)



Promoting Regenerative Medicine

Keio University Hospital serves as a model hospital for promoting clinical research on iPS and other stem cells. As such, we have initiated clinical studies on regenerative medicine in the departments including orthopedic surgery, obstetrics and gynecology, surgery, cardiology, and ophthalmology. We are also advancing the establishment of a support framework that includes cell culture processing and regulatory compliance.

► Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development: Project to Promote the Foundation for Practical Application of Regenerative Medicine
Enhancement of the "model hospital for regenerative medicine" project (FY2024-2026)
► <https://wwwAMED.go.jp/program/list/13/01/09.html> (Japanese)



As a part of our efforts to promote safe and effective regenerative medicine, we operate a program that supports the manufacture of regenerative medicine products by providing pharmaceutical companies and others with a stable and high-quality supply of tissues and cells, which are usually discarded after surgery. This is done in compliance with prescribed hospital procedures, such as reviews by the Ethics Committee, and with prior consent obtained from all patients. Through these efforts, we aim to encourage the development of regenerative medicine products.

► <https://tissue-procurement.hosp.keio.ac.jp/en/>
This project was selected under the Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED) Project Focused on Developing Basic Technology Aiming at Industrialization of Regenerative Medicine and Gene Therapy (FY2021-FY2023), specifically under the Project to Accelerate the Stable Provision of Stem Cell Materials in Regenerative Therapy Products.



Uniting Basic and Clinical Approaches in Education

Designing the Future of Health Care

Dr. Shibasaburo Kitasato, the inaugural dean of the School of Medicine and first Keio University Hospital Director, proposed that close cooperation between the basic medical sciences and clinical medicine would unite the school as one family. Keio University Hospital, with its proven track record of excellence, is playing a lead role in both clinical research and medical care by developing innovative treatments and delivering suitable medical care tailored to each and every patient.

The principle of close cooperation between basic and clinical medicine that Dr. Kitasato championed remains relevant to this day as the backbone of Keio University Hospital's human resource development, which is rooted in a professionalism dedicated to defining the future of patient-centered care.

1 Professional Development of Doctors

Pre-Graduate Medical Education

Clinical Training

Clinical training at Keio University School of Medicine takes place from the third term of year four through the second term of year six of medical school. Students are divided into small groups of 5 to 7 people and visit each hospital department, deepening their medical knowledge and strengthening their skills through direct contact with patients. At the same time, they acquire a sense of responsibility and develop leadership and cooperation skills, which are essential for anyone engaged in medical care. As clinical training becomes increasingly important, we have taken steps to continually enhance our own clinical training programs.

Clinical training involves either observation or hands-on participation, depending on the clinical department. Hands-on participation in clinical training, which has become mainstream in recent years, allows students to learn clinical medicine by joining a group of clinical residents and doctors and assisting in medical treatment. Although students do not actually make final decisions on diagnosis or treatment, they are given the opportunity to listen to patient stories, conduct medical examinations, and consider possible diagnoses and treatments. This opportunity to participate directly in the clinic can become a strong source of motivation for students.

Post-Graduate Medical Education

Clinical Training

The Clinical Resident Training program aims to teach junior residents the basic knowledge and practical skills of a physician as well as the attitudes and codes of conduct expected of them. The program takes advantage of Keio University Hospital's large number of first-class supervisory doctors and its unparalleled training environment. In addition, junior residents can communicate directly with senior residents in the Specialized Clinical Training program for guidance in training as well as to talk about life and career decisions.

Specialized Training

The Specialized Training program at Keio University Hospital aims to instruct clinicians who are trusted by patients and medical staff alike by combining skill and expertise with human compassion. In addition to hospital training, Keio conducts a wide variety of training regimens, each tailored to individual career paths, by working closely with facilities relevant to specialized medical care and more, from primary and regional care to interdisciplinary and advanced medical care.



Enrollment by Medical Faculties and Graduate Schools at Keio University (FY2024)

Graduate Programs	Graduate School of Medicine	380
Undergraduate Programs	Graduate School of Health Management	141
	Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences	159
School of Medicine		669
Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care		453
Faculty of Pharmacy		1,187

Residency Program Enrollment (FY2024)

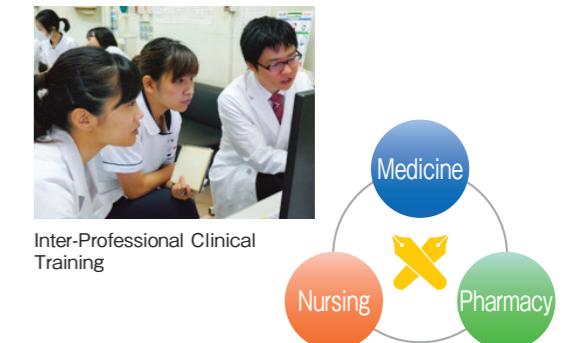
Clinical Resident Training (Junior Residency Course)	122
Specialized Training (Senior Residency Course)	718

In addition to the above, we also accepted 171 medical students pursuing specialization at other institutions for AY2024.

2 Professional Development of Nurses & Pharmacists

Clinical Training for Nursing and Pharmacy Students

Undergraduate students in the Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care and the Faculty of Pharmacy learn firsthand about our team medicine approach through clinical training in the hospital's patient wards, outpatient departments, offices, and pharmacy. Clinical training is a valuable experience to learn real-world medicine. The undergraduate faculties and the hospital's nursing and pharmacy departments work together to have a positive impact on students' professional development.



Inter-Professional Education (IPE) Program

This program improves cooperation and communication between students in the School of Medicine, Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care, and the Faculty of Pharmacy, allowing for the development of health care professionals who will utilize Keio's group approach to patient-centered care.

Since 2023, the three faculties have been conducting joint special training in Wakkanai and other locations.

Learn more ► <https://ipe.keio.ac.jp/> (Japanese)



Completion ceremony for the eleventh cohort of trainees in the on-site training program

3 Medical Staff Training

Since FY2012, all medical staff have received training across the hospital to improve their on-the-job capabilities. We take up issues that arise in each area of the hospital and provide training that helps solve these problems while improving profitability. Training in interdisciplinary groups has been instrumental in strengthening the hospital's approach to problem solving and team medicine.

4 Hospital Management Training

Keio University was selected by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT) for the FY2017 Problem-Solving Oriented Training Program for Advanced Medical Personnel, which is sponsored by Strategic Funds for the Promotion of University Education Revitalization. This program allows cooperation between the hospital and the graduate schools of Health Management, Business Administration (KBS), and Medicine, so we may begin hospital management and professional development programs that train highly competent leaders who possess strong strategic decision-making and executive abilities. Three staff members from Keio University Hospital have joined the program each year since FY2018. We plan to publish the results of the program, which is based on the Keio case method pioneered by KBS, in hopes that they can benefit the management training programs of many other universities, university hospitals, and regional core hospitals.

5 Accepting Undergraduates from Outside Institutions

Clinical Training Program Acceptance (FY2024)

Host Department/Office	Number of Facilities
Department of Rehabilitation (OT, PT, ST)	5
Office of Radiation Technology (Radiology Technicians)	7
Department of Nursing (Certified Nurse Specialists, Certified Nurses)	6
Catering and Nutrition Office (Registered Dietitians)	6
Ophthalmology (Orthoptists)	2
Office of Biomedical Engineering (Medical Engineers)	6
Office of Clinical Laboratory Technology (Lab Technicians)	9
Dentistry and Oral Surgery (Dental Hygienists)	3
Medical Affairs Office	3
School of Medicine	6

History of the Keio University Hospital and School of Medicine

1835	Keio founder Yukichi Fukuzawa born into a samurai family of the Nakatsu clan (now Oita Prefecture, Kyushu). Per his father's duties, the family lives in Osaka.	
1855	Fukuzawa enters Koan Ogata's private school Tekijuku in Osaka, which focuses on Dutch studies.	
1858	Fukuzawa establishes a school for Dutch studies in Edo (now Tokyo).	
1860	Fukuzawa goes on his first official trip overseas, traveling to the United States on the Kanrin Maru, Japan's first steam-driven warship.	
1862	Fukuzawa sent to Europe as a member of first Japanese Embassy to Europe.	
1868	Fukuzawa's school renamed after the Keio Era.	
1871	Keio moves to Mita.	
1873	Keio Igakusho (Institute of Medicine) established at Mita, Tokyo. (Closed 1880)	
1890	Keio establishes a college. Department of Literature, Department of Economics (precursor to the Faculty of Economics) and Department of Law open.	
1892	The Institute for Study of Infectious Diseases established with Dr. Shibusaburo Kitasato serving as director.	
1893	Dr. Kitasato establishes Tsukushigaoka Yojoen, the first hospital in Japan to specialize in the treatment of tuberculosis, and the precursor to the Kitasato Institute Hospital.	
1901	Fukuzawa passes away on February 3.	
1917	School of Medicine established. In April, premedical courses begin at Mita. In November, Keio purchases army land at Shinanomachi, Yotsuya Ward (now Shinjuku Ward).	
1918	Original Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care established. (Until 1950)	
1920	Keio University accredited by the Japanese government as one of the nation's first private universities in April. Keio University Hospital and School of Medicine opening ceremony held on November 6. The first general assembly of the Keio Medical Association held on November 8. Medical journal <i>Keio Medicine</i> launched in 1921.	
	  	
1922	Sanba Yoseijo, a training school for midwives, established.	
1923	The Great Kanto Earthquake occurs. Keio treats more than 324,000 patients on behalf of hospitals damaged in the earthquake.	
1924	University Hospital special ward completed.	
1926	Institute of Diet and Nutrition established. (Closed 1990)	
1928	A charnel house built at Tama Reien Cemetery to properly honor and bury each of the donors who gifted their bodies to further medical research. First memorial ceremony to honor the donors held at Zōjō-ji temple in Shiba, Tokyo.	
1929	Building for Preventive Medicine & Public Health (Institute of Preventive Medicine) completed thanks to donations from the Rockefeller Foundation.	
1932	Sanshikai, the School of Medicine Alumni Association, establishes Akakura-Sanso Lodge at Shin-Akaura hot spring area in Niigata Prefecture. (Burnt down in 1960, rebuilt in 1994.) University Hospital Annex completed. (The four-story reinforced concrete building includes a basement floor and houses 219 beds.)	
1934	Yukichi Fukuzawa Centennial. Hiyoshi Campus opens.	
1936	Second Building at the Hiyoshi Campus completed. School of Medicine classes begin at the Hiyoshi Campus.	
1937	Kitasato Memorial Medical Library completed. Pharmaceutical Institute established.	
1941	Tsukigase Onsen Therapeutics Institute established. (Closed in 1958 due to damage from Super Typhoon Ida.)	
1944	Keio Professional Medical Unit established in response to critical shortage of army physicians, producing 463 army medics until its dissolution in 1951.	
1945	About sixty percent of campus buildings lost in an air raid on May 24. The Pacific War ends on August 15.	
1946	Basic medicine classes move to the Musashino branch campus. (Until spring 1956)	
1948	Main Hospital Building completed. It is a two-story building with 153 beds, and one of the largest wooden structures in postwar Japan.	
	 	
1950	Dr. C.N.H. Long invited from Yale University, and Clinical-Pathological Conferences begin. Electron Microscope Laboratory established. Nursing School established. (Closed 1988)	
		
1952	The School of Medicine approved under the new educational system. <i>The Keio Journal of Medicine</i> launched. Dr. Shibusaburo Kitasato Centennial First Kitasato Prize awarded by Sanshikai.	
1955	Postwar education system established. The new system offers a 2-year premedical course and a 4-year specialized course.	
1956	Doctoral program at the Graduate School of Medicine established.	
1958	Keio University Centennial Ceremony held.	
1961	Second Lecture Hall for Basic Medicine completed thanks to donations from the China Medical Board of New York.	
1963	Hospital Central Wing completed.	
1965	Hospital Wing 1 completed.	
1966	Keio Cancer Center Foundation established. (Closed 2002)	
1967	School of Medicine 50th Anniversary Ceremony held.	
1969	School of Medicine Reform Committee established. Clinical Research Hall completed.	
1970	Keio Health Counseling Center established. (Closed 2008)	
1972	Information services at the Kitasato Memorial Medical Library (renamed the Shinanomachi Media Center in 1971) incorporated as an independent foundation, the International Medical Information Center.	
1973	Hospital volunteers first introduced. The volunteer group registers with Nihon Hospital Volunteer Association.	
1974	Keio University Ise Keio Hospital established in Ise City, Mie Prefecture. (Until 2003)	
1977	Keio University Tsukigase Rehabilitation Center established. (Until 2011)	
1979	Institute for Radioisotope Research completed.	
1983	Keio University 125th Anniversary Commemorative Ceremony held.	
1984	Clinical training programs at American medical schools start.	
1986	New Ward (now Building 2) opens.	
	 	
1988	New Ward (now Building 2) Upon Completion	
1990	Junior College of Nursing established. (Until 2001)	
	First results from the Laboratory and Field Study program presented.	
1994	Keio University Hospital accredited as an Advanced Treatment Hospital by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare. Master's Program established at the Graduate School of Medicine.	
1996	Education and Research Building completed. Inaugural Award Ceremony and Commemorative Lectures held for the Keio Medical Science Prize. Keio launches the fund using a generous donation from Dr. Mitsunada Sakaguchi, a 1940 alumnus of the School of Medicine.	
2001	Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care established. Institute of Integrated Medical Research completed. Research Park established.	
2007	Clinical Research Center established. Shinanomachi Campus Innovation Project launched. (Completed March 2008)	
2008	Faculty of Pharmacy and Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences established as a result of a merger with Kyoritsu University of Pharmacy. Keio University 150th Anniversary Commemorative Ceremony held. Clinical Research Building completed.	
2010	Building 3 (North Wing) completed.	
2011	Keio's Medical Rescue Team dispatched to help victims of the Great East Japan Earthquake. Inter-Professional Education (IPE) Program begins among the School of Medicine, Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care, and Faculty of Pharmacy.	
2012	EMRs (electronic medical records) introduced. Building 3 (South Wing) completed. Center for Preventive Medicine opens.	
2015	Building 1 (Phase I Wing) completed.	
2016	Accredited as a Core Clinical Research Hospital	
2017	School of Medicine Centennial	
2018	Keio University Medical and Chemical Innovation Center (JKIC) opens.	
2020	Building 1 (Phase II Wing) completed.	
2022	Faculty of Nursing and Medical Care Centennial	
2023	Keio University Hospital Centennial	
	Hospital Grand Opening	
	Hospital exterior at its grand opening	
	Center for Preventive Medicine relocated to Azabudai Hills	

Yukichi Fukuzawa and Shibusaburo Kitasato

Fukuzawa's Message to Physicians

Keio University founder Yukichi Fukuzawa pioneered many of the philosophical concepts that guided the Westernization of Japan during the Meiji era and left behind a wealth of writings, such as *An Encouragement of Learning* (*Gakumon no Susume*). When Dr. Shibusaburo Kitasato, who would later become the first dean of the Keio University School of Medicine, established the Institute for Infectious Diseases in 1892, Fukuzawa presented him with a Chinese-style poem entitled "A Message to Physicians." The meaning can be summarized as follows:

Medicine is an endless battle between heaven and man. Doctors, do not say that your role is merely to assist in natural recuperation. With the keen eye of Li Lou and the deft touch of Ma Gui, employ every possible means. That is the essence of medicine.

i Li Lou (離婁) is a fabled figure in Chinese folklore. It is said that he possessed the visual acuity to make out a single hair at a distance of over 100 steps.

ii Ma Gu (麻姑) was a legendary Chinese immortal. She is said to have been a beautiful young woman with long, birdlike fingernails. There is a four-character idiom (麻姑搔痒/麻姑搔癢) which states, "Ma Gu scratches the itch." This refers to the feeling of everything going as planned, just as if Ma Gu would scratch an itch with her long fingernails.



Fukuzawa's "Message to Physicians"

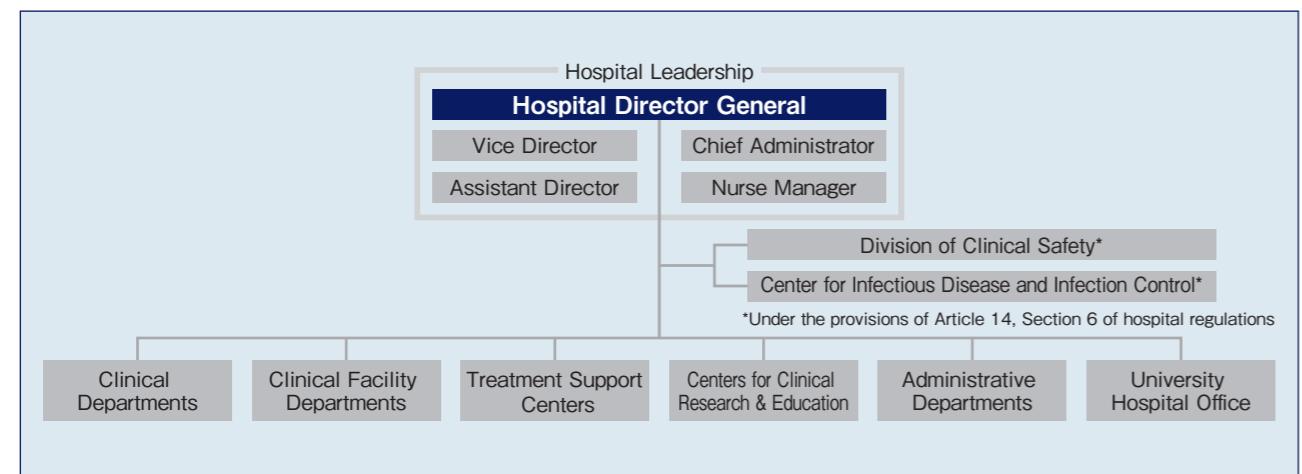
Fukuzawa & Kitasato (From "A Brief Encyclopedia of Keio University")

There are chance meetings that end up changing one's life forever. For Shibusaburo Kitasato, there is no doubt that meeting Yukichi Fukuzawa played a significant role in determining the course that his life would take. Kitasato was born in Kumamoto, and after graduating from Tokyo Medical School, joined the Ministry of Home Affairs. Through the good offices of Director Sensai Nagayo, he was able to travel to Germany in 1885. Kitasato studied under pioneering microbiologist Dr. Robert Koch, and after the successful completion of various research projects, including the world's first pure culture of tetanus bacillus, he returned to Japan in 1892. Sanitary conditions in Japan at the time were exceedingly poor, and contagious diseases plagued the country. Kitasato immediately set about establishing the Institute for Study of Infectious Diseases, but it was a project fraught with struggle. Upon seeing Kitasato's distressed condition, his mentor Nagayo turned to Fukuzawa for support. Fukuzawa had known Nagayo since their time together at Tekijuku in Osaka, and had also been following Kitasato's work for some time. Eager to offer his support, he published an article showcasing Kitasato's achievements, *Ijutsu no Shinhakken* (New Discoveries in Medicine), in the October 4th issue of the *Jiji Shinpo* newspaper. Establishing this institute for studying infectious diseases was a pioneering achievement at the time in Japan. It was later moved to Shiba Atago and overseen by the Public Health Association of Japan (Dainihon Shiritsu Eiseikai), but Kitasato never forgot Fukuzawa's valiant efforts to persuade a public concerned with the further spread of disease, and his defense of the Institute through the pages of the *Jiji Shinpo*.

After the control of the institute was transferred to the authority of the Ministry of Home Affairs in 1899, Fukuzawa advised Kitasato to save money to respond to changing government policies. To prepare for any eventuality, Fukuzawa then offered his own land in Shirokane to Kitasato, who built the tuberculosis sanitarium Tsukushigaoka Yojoen in 1893. In 1914, without a word to Kitasato, control of the Institute for Infectious Diseases was transferred to the authority of the Ministry of Education and placed under the University of Tokyo. Kitasato and staff resigned in protest and, using 300,000 yen of his own money, he started a new institute within Tsukushigaoka Yojoen, which eventually became the Kitasato Institute that we know today. In 1917, 16 years after Fukuzawa's passing, Kitasato made great efforts to help establish the Keio University School of Medicine. It must certainly have been his way of repaying the good fortune he had in meeting Fukuzawa all those years before.

Organization

Management Structure



Faculty

Hospital Leadership

Hospital Director General	(Administrator)	Koichi Fukunaga
Vice Director		Masahiro Toda
Vice Director		Junichi Sasaki
Vice Director		Yuko Kaneko
Vice Director		Hiroyuki Uchida
Vice Director		Satoshi Narumi
Vice Director		Keisuke Asakura

Clinical Departments

Pulmonary Medicine	Chair (Associate Professor)	Hiroyuki Yasuda
Cardiology	Chair (Professor)	Masaki Ieda
Gastroenterology and Hepatology	Chair (Professor)	Takanori Kanai
Nephrology, Endocrinology and Metabolism	Chair (Professor)	Kaori Hayashi
Neurology	Chair (Professor)	Jin Nakahara
Hematology	Chair (Professor)	Keisuke Kataoka
Rheumatology	Chair (Professor)	Yuko Kaneko
General and Gastroenterological Surgery	Chair (Associate Professor)	Hideaki Obara
General Thoracic Surgery	Chair (Professor)	Keisuke Asakura
Cardiovascular Surgery	Chair (Professor)	Hideyuki Shimizu
Pediatric Surgery	Chair (Professor)	Akihiro Fujino
Breast Surgery	Chair (Professor)	Tetsu Hayashida
Neurosurgery	Chair (Professor)	Masahiro Toda
Orthopedic Surgery	Chair (Professor)	Masaya Nakamura
Rehabilitation Medicine	Chair (Professor)	Tetsuya Tsuji
Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	Chair (Professor)	Kazuo Kishi
Pediatrics	Chair (Professor)	Satoshi Narumi

(as of October 1, 2025)

Clinical Facility Departments

Center for Preventive Medicine	Director (Professor)	Hiromasa Takaishi
Apheresis and Dialysis Center	Director (Professor)	Kaori Hayashi
Center for Diagnostic and Therapeutic Endoscopy	Director (Professor)	Motohiko Kato
Cancer Center	Director (Professor)	Wataru Yamagami
Center for Transfusion Medicine and Cell Therapy	Director (Professor)	Rie Yamazaki
Institute for Integrated Sports Medicine	Director (Professor)	Kazuki Sato
Center for Kampo Medicine	Director (Professor)	Yuko Kaneko
Center for Medical Genetics	Director (Professor)	Kenjiro Kosaki
Immunotherapy Center	Director (Professor)	Yuko Kaneko
Palliative Care Center	Director (Senior Assistant Professor)	Mari Takeuchi
Surgical & Angiography Center	Director (Professor)	Keisuke Asakura
General Intensive Care Center	Director (Professor)	Junichi Sasaki
Emergency Center	Director (Professor)	Junichi Sasaki
Center for Clinical Infectious Diseases	Director (Professor)	Ho Namkoong
Center for Cancer Genomics	Director (Professor)	Hiroshi Nishihara
Center for Perioperative Care	Director (Professor)	Keisuke Asakura

Treatment Support Centers

Department of Nursing	Director	Eriko Kato
Department of Pharmacy	Director (Professor)	Hisakazu Ohtani
Sterile Services Department	Director (Associate Professor)	Hideaki Obara
Catering and Nutrition Office	Deputy Director	Izumi Oki
Office of Biomedical Engineering	Director (Professor)	Junichi Sasaki
Office of Radiation Technology	Director	Yoshinobu Nunokawa
Office of Clinical Laboratory Technology	Deputy Director	Tomoko Arai

Centers for Clinical Research & Education

Clinical and Translational Research Center	Director (Professor)	Yuko Kaneko
Clinical Research Administration Center	Director (Professor)	Masahiro Toda
Postgraduate Medical Education Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Shintaro Yamaguchi

Administrative Departments

Hospital Information System Division	Director (Professor)	Masahiro Jinzaki
Division of Clinical Safety	Director (Professor)	Keisuke Asakura
Division of Infectious Diseases and Infection Control	Director (Professor)	Ho Namkoong
Division of Patient Relations	Director (Professor)	Hiroyuki Uchida
Division of Clinical Liaison	Director (Professor)	Satoshi Narumi
Office of Radiation Safety	Director (Professor)	Hiroyoshi Inoue
Health Insurance Advisory Office	Director (Associate Professor)	Shizuko Kosugi
Division of International Patient Services	Director (Associate Professor)	Shun Kohsaka

University Hospital Office

Management and Planning Office	Hospital Administrative Office	Executive Office
Office of General Affairs	Office of Human Resources Management	Accounting and Finance Office
Facilities and Supply Management Office	Career Development Office	Office of Research Development and Sponsored Projects
Office of Accounting & Procurement Services		

Centers for Interdisciplinary Care

Center for Inflammatory Bowel Diseases	Director (Professor)	Takanori Kanai
Center for Perinatal and Pediatric Care	Director (Professor)	Mamoru Tanaka
Neurocutaneous Center	Director (Professor)	Satoshi Narumi
Breast Center	Director (Professor)	Tetsu Hayashida
Bone Metastasis Management Center	Director (Senior Assistant Professor)	Robert Nakayama
Pain Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Shizuko Kosugi
Digestive Disease Center	Director (Professor)	Takanori Kanai
Respiratory Disease Center	Director (Professor)	Keisuke Asakura
Memory Center	Director (Project Professor)	Daisuke Ito
Sleep Center	Director (Assistant Professor)	Wakako Yamasawa
Organ Transplantation Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Hideaki Obara
Cardiovascular Disease Center	Director (Professor)	Hideyuki Shimizu
Pediatric Craniofacial Center	Director (Professor)	Kazuo Kishi
Reproduction Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Mitsutoshi Yamada
Allergy Center	Director (Professor)	Satoshi Narumi
Disorders of Sexual Development (DSD) Center	Director (Lecturer)	Tomonobu Hasegawa
Diabetes Prevention Center	Director (Senior Assistant Professor)	Shu Meguro
Skull Base Center	Director (Professor)	Masahiro Toda
Stroke Center	Director (Professor)	Masahiro Toda
Hereditary Breast and Ovarian Cancer (HBOC) Center	Director (Professor)	Kenjiro Kosaki
Scoliosis Treatment Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Kota Watanabe
Intestinal Care and Rehabilitation Center	Director (Professor)	Akihiro Fujino
Vascular Tumors and Vascular Malformation Center	Director (Senior Assistant Professor)	Noriko Aramaki
Lymphedema Treatment Center	Director (Professor)	Tetsuya Tsuji
Parkinson's Disease Center	Director (Professor)	Jin Nakahara
Robot-Assisted Surgery Center	Director (Senior Assistant Professor)	Kazuhiro Matsumoto
Center for Treatment of Tumors Invading the Aorta/ the Vena Cava	Director (Associate Professor)	Hideaki Obara
Mental Health Liaison Center	Director (Professor)	Hiroyuki Uchida
Otology and Audiology Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Naoki Oishi
Neuromodulation Center	Director (Associate Professor)	Michiyuki Kawakami
Sports & Medical Fitness Center	Director (Professor)	Kazuki Sato
Oligometastasis Center	Director (Professor)	Atsuya Takeda

*in no particular order

Roles & Functions

Providing Personalized Care as an Advanced Treatment Hospital

Hospitals, clinics, and other health care centers each play their role in providing patients with unique, personalized care. Keio University Hospital has been designated as an Advanced Treatment Hospital and Regional Cancer Center by both local and national government organizations.

Advanced treatment hospitals not only provide advanced health care services, but are also capable of medical research, development, evaluation, and training. We provide care for patients who require specialized treatments not commonly offered at general health care centers, including those who have been referred to us by other health care centers. In cases where continuous follow-ups at a local hospital are determined most beneficial, we will refer patients back to their original health care providers or another health care provider of their choice.

We also maintain strong ties with a wide range of partners that include those listed below.

Partners	Keio University Hospital Affiliate Hospitals	Sanshikai Affiliate Clinics
	Affiliated Medical Institutions under Partnership Agreements (Keio Medical Partners)	Regional Medical, Nursing, Long-Term Care, and Public Health Institutions
	Emergency Care Partners	Other

Keio as a Core Clinical Research Hospital

Core Clinical Research Hospitals are authorized by the Minister of Health, Labor and Welfare (MHLW) as leading hospitals in promoting clinical research and investigator-initiated IND/IDE trials of high international standard, with the objective of developing Japan's medical sector through the advancement of innovative drugs, devices, and technology. Approval requires the maintenance and management of a variety of systems and organizations, including clinical research support, data management, safety management, ethics review, conflict management, intellectual property management and technology transfer system, as well as education and outreach for citizens, and consultations for research subjects. Keio University Hospital was accredited as a Core Clinical Research Hospital on March 25, 2016, and was the nation's first private hospital to receive the accreditation.

Accreditations (Authorizations & Designations as a Health Care Center)

Accreditations
Title
Hospital Foundation Authorization
Advanced Treatment Hospital
Core Clinical Research Hospital
Hospital Type 3 Accreditation by the Japan Council for Quality Health Care
Tokyo Disaster Base Hospital
Japan DMAT Designated Hospital
Regional Perinatal Care Center
Regional Cancer Center Hospital
AIDS Core Hospital
Registered Organ Transplant Medical Facility (Liver, Small Intestine, Kidney)
Advanced Clinical Training Hospital (Foreign Medical Practitioner / Foreign Dental Practitioner)
Tokyo Metropolitan Hospital for Allergic Diseases
Core Hospital for Cancer Genomic Medicine
Regional Rehabilitation Center
Hospital Participating in the Project of Model-Beds for Tuberculosis Care
Clinical Resident Training Hospital (Nucleus Type / Cooperative Type)
Clinical Training Facility for Dentists
Designated Tokyo Metropolitan Coordinating Hospital for Intractable Diseases
Designated Tokyo Metropolitan Pediatric Cancer Care Hospital

Medical Institution Designations under Law
Title
Fire Service Act (Emergency medical services)
Health Insurance Act (Medical institution providing services covered by health insurance)
National Health Insurance Act (Designated care institution)
Industrial Accident Compensation Insurance Act
Local Public Officers Accident Compensation Act
Atomic Bomb Survivors' Assistance Act
Act on Special Aid to the Wounded and Sick Retired Soldiers
Maternal and Child Health Act
Public Assistance Act
Child Welfare Act
Act on Medical Care for Patients with Intractable Diseases
Act for the Comprehensive Support of Persons with Disabilities
Act on Mental Health and Welfare for Persons with Mental Disorders or Disabilities
Infectious Disease Act (Designated Medical Institution for Tuberculosis and Designated Medical Institution for Class II Infectious Diseases, Designated Medical Institution for Class II Agreement)
Act on Promotion of Smooth Return of Japanese Remaining in China and Support for Self-Support for Permanent Returnees and Their Spouses

Advanced Medical Care

An "evaluation treatment" is a medical treatment using advanced medical care techniques specified by the MHLW that require evaluation to determine whether they should be subject to benefits covered by Japanese Health Insurance from the viewpoint of efficiently providing appropriate medical care. Specific facility standards are set for each advanced medical care technique.

Advanced Medical Care Underway at Keio University Hospital

(as of August 1, 2025)

	Title	Department	Date of Accreditation
Advanced Medical Care Category A	Endometrial curettage	Obstetrics and Gynecology	September 1, 2022
	Endometrial stimulation	Obstetrics and Gynecology	September 1, 2022
	Endometrial Receptivity Array 1	Obstetrics and Gynecology	September 1, 2022
	EMMA: Endometrial Microbiome Metagenomic Analysis 1	Obstetrics and Gynecology	September 1, 2022
	Local Endoscopic Gastric Resection	Cancer Center	November 1, 2022
	Quantification of minimal residual disease using circulating tumor DNA	General and Gastroenterological Surgery	March 1, 2024
	Physiological sperm selection using a membrane-based system	Obstetrics and Gynecology	August 1, 2024
	Endoscopic diverticular septotomy	Cancer Center / Center for Diagnostic and Therapeutic Endoscopy	August 1, 2024
	Laparoscopic sentinel lymph node biopsy / Early gastric cancer *We are no longer accepting new patients	General and Gastroenterological Surgery	January 1, 2014
	Dose-intensified temozolamide therapy for glioblastoma (limited to cases of recurrence or exacerbation following initiation of treatment during the initial stage.) *We are no longer accepting new patients	Neurosurgery	January 1, 2017
Advanced Medical Care Category B	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation (rTMS) therapy for depressive episodes of bipolar disorder that do not respond to drug therapy	Neuropsychiatry	May 1, 2019
	Combination therapy of oral imatinib and intravenous pembrolizumab for advanced malignant melanoma (limited to patients with metastatic KIT-mutant melanoma that are refractory to standard therapy)	Dermatology	February 1, 2020
	Adoptive transfer therapy of anti-tumor autologous lymphocytes (TIL) for cervical cancer (limited to patients with cancers deemed to be unresectable or those with postoperative recurrence who are refractory to platinum-based drugs)	Obstetrics and Gynecology	January 1, 2021
	Neratinib intravenous infusion therapy / Removal not possible for solid tumors considered EGFR amplified (limited to esophageal cancer, stomach cancer, small intestine cancer, urothelial cancer, or breast cancer) *We are no longer accepting new patients	Cancer Center	September 1, 2022
	Living donor liver transplantation / Unresectable hilar cholangiocarcinoma	General and Gastroenterological Surgery	April 1, 2023
	Living-donor liver transplantation / unresectable metastatic liver cancer (limited to cases of liver metastasis originating from colorectal cancer in patients who have previously undergone colectomy)	General and Gastroenterological Surgery	January 1, 2024
	Local injection therapy with autologous concentrated bone marrow aspirate for idiopathic osteonecrosis of the femoral head (limited to the pre-collapse stage)	Orthopedic Surgery	December 1, 2024

Patient-Proposed Health Services

Patient-Proposed Health Services is an initiative that allows patients to access, together with services covered by health insurance, certain therapeutic drugs and devices which meet safety and effectiveness requirements but which have yet to be evaluated in Japan. The initiative is positioned within a larger program that manages expenses for medical treatments not covered by health insurance in Japan. Treatments through this initiative will be conducted as clinical research at hospitals designated by the government as Core Clinical Research Hospitals, and will be fully deliberated at both hospital and national meetings with the aim of being covered by health insurance in the future.

Reference: Patient-Proposed Health Services Initiative (Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare website)
► <https://www.mhlw.go.jp/moushideryouyou/> (Japanese)



Advanced Medical Care Underway at Keio University Hospital

	Title	Department	Date of Accreditation
	Targeted therapy based on genetic profiling by multigene panel testing for unresectable advanced solid tumors (limited to those with actionable gene abnormalities detected by the multigene panel test)	Cancer Center, others	December 24, 2020
	Percutaneous cryoablation therapy for thoracic malignant tumors / malignant lung tumors, mediastinal malignant tumors, malignant pleural tumors, or malignant chest wall tumors	General Thoracic Surgery	April 14, 2023

Statistics & Data

Basic Data

Category	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024
Number of Beds	946	946	950	950	950
Occupied Beds (%)	70.3	82.2	85.3	88.0	88.8
Total Number of Outpatients	725,794	836,773	872,905	867,005	869,446
Average Number of Daily Outpatients	2,678	3,088	3,221	3,188	3,196
Total Number of Inpatients	244,268	283,696	295,888	305,974	307,987
Average Number of Daily Inpatients	669	777	811	836	844
Average Hospital Stay (in days)	12.0	11.5	11.5	11.1	10.7
Number of Surgeries	12,280	15,204	16,020	16,742	17,133
Number of General Anesthesia Surgeries	6,755	8,206	8,615	8,782	9,045
Number of Emergency Patients	7,442	12,201	14,122	15,975	14,406
Patients Referred to Keio by Other Centers (%)	73.2	78.7	81.3	84.6	77.7
Patients Referred by Keio to Other Centers (%)	48.7	48.8	66.8	83.1	87.9
Number of Births	472	670	800	859	818
Number of Second Opinions Provided	237	345	436	491	474

*The figure for number of beds is current as of March 31 each fiscal year.

Outpatients	(FY2024)
Number of New Outpatients	40,977
Total Number of Outpatients	869,446
Average Number of Daily Outpatients	3,196

Inpatients	(FY2024)
Number of New Outpatients	27,917
Total Number of Outpatients	307,987
Average Number of Daily Outpatients	844

Data by Department

Outpatients	(FY2024)
Number of Outpatients	

Department	Number of Outpatients					
	Annual Total		Daily Average			
	New Patients	Return Patients	Total	New Patients	Return Patients	Total
Pulmonary Medicine	1,083	38,228	39,311	4	141	145
Cardiology	1,322	43,248	44,570	5	159	164
Gastroenterology and Hepatology	2,026	76,695	78,721	7	282	289
Nephrology, Endocrinology and Metabolism	633	55,997	56,630	2	206	208
Neurology	749	27,071	27,820	3	100	102
Hematology	286	15,819	16,105	1	58	59
Rheumatology	494	32,986	33,480	2	121	123
General and Gastroenterological Surgery	713	31,232	31,945	3	115	117
General Thoracic Surgery	599	8,030	8,629	2	30	32
Cardiovascular Surgery	139	6,321	6,460	1	23	24
Neurosurgery	766	11,364	12,130	3	42	45
Pediatric Surgery	243	3,996	4,239	1	15	16
Orthopedic Surgery	3,727	55,287	59,014	14	203	217
Rehabilitation Medicine	92	7,706	7,798	0	28	29
Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	1,055	12,021	13,076	4	44	48
Pediatrics	2,036	20,917	22,953	7	77	84
Obstetrics and Gynecology	2,524	55,190	57,714	9	203	212
Ophthalmology	3,371	53,625	56,996	12	197	210
Dermatology	1,662	40,902	42,564	6	150	156
Urology	994	40,036	41,030	4	147	151
Otorhinolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery	1,780	29,559	31,339	7	109	115
Neuropsychiatry	753	36,966	37,719	3	136	139
Radiation Oncology	95	14,908	15,003	0	55	55
Diagnostic Radiology	428	654	1,082	2	2	4
Anesthesiology	150	20,055	20,205	1	74	74
Emergency and Critical Care Medicine	4,629	2,670	7,299	17	10	27
Dentistry and Oral Surgery	5,149	35,318	40,467	19	130	149
General Medicine	243	4,690	4,933	1	17	18
Other	3,236	46,978	50,214	12	173	185
Total	40,977	828,469	869,446	151	3,046	3,196

*Discrepancies may occur as daily averages are rounded to the nearest whole number.

Inpatients & Average Hospital Stay (FY2024)

Department	Number of Outpatients		Average Stay (In Days)
	Annual Total	Daily Average	
Pulmonary Medicine	19,988	55	12.3
Cardiology	19,201	53	7.4
Gastroenterology and Hepatology	29,102	80	8.3
Nephrology, Endocrinology and Metabolism	7,942	22	9.2
Neurology	15,959	44	18.0
Hematology	18,175	50	27.6
Rheumatology	8,026	22	24.3
General and Gastroenterological Surgery	29,544	81	12.6
General Thoracic Surgery	6,542	18	7.3
Cardiovascular Surgery	8,160	22	13.9
Neurosurgery	9,664	26	15.9
Pediatric Surgery	2,943	8	7.0
Orthopedic Surgery	31,645	87	12.7
Rehabilitation Medicine	1,548	4	23.4
Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	4,651	13	7.2
Pediatrics	18,383	50	9.6
Obstetrics and Gynecology	25,417	70	6.7
Ophthalmology	8,009	22	2.6
Dermatology	5,648	15	12.3
Urology	13,322	36	7.6
Otorhinolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery	9,663	26	11.0
Neuropsychiatry	5,312	15	19.8
Anesthesiology	102	0	2.4
Emergency and Critical Care Medicine	6,526	18	16.9
Dentistry and Oral Surgery	2,515	7	8.3
Other	0	0	0.0
Total	307,987	844	10.7

*Daily averages are rounded to the nearest whole number.

Surgeries (FY2024)

Department	Number of Operations	Number of Operations		
		2022	2023	2024
Internal Medicine	785			
General and Gastroenterological Surgery	1,666			
General Thoracic Surgery	653			
Cardiovascular Surgery	423			
Neurosurgery	381			
Pediatric Surgery	183			
Orthopedic Surgery	2,149			
Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	945			
Obstetrics and Gynecology	2,403			
Ophthalmology	3,850			
Dermatology	493			
Urology	1,220			
Otorhinolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery	769			
Neuropsychiatry	452			
Anesthesiology	20			
Emergency and Critical Care Medicine	204			
Dentistry and Oral Surgery	416			
Other	121			
Total	17,133			

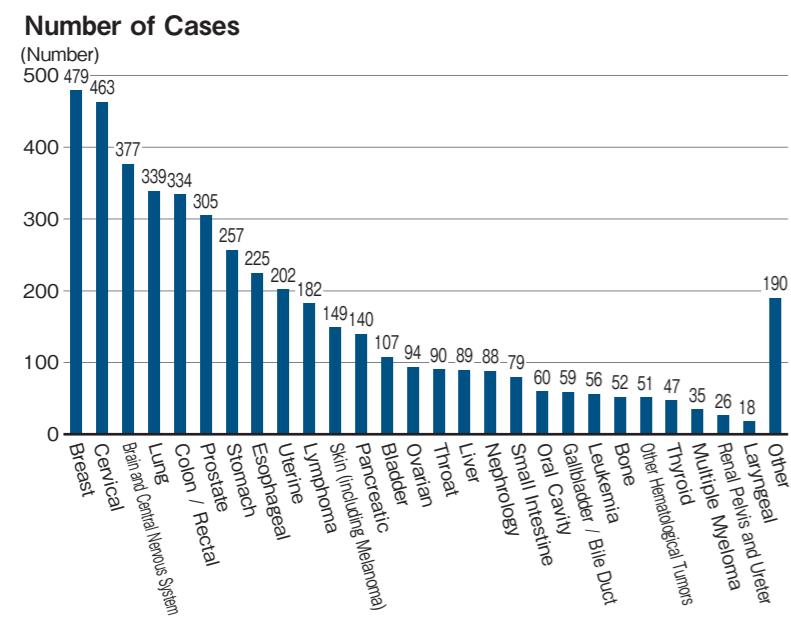
Surgeries Covered by Health Insurance

Surgery types are designated by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

Type 1 Surgeries

Operation Name

Cancer by Type



Prescriptions & Transfusions

(FY2024)

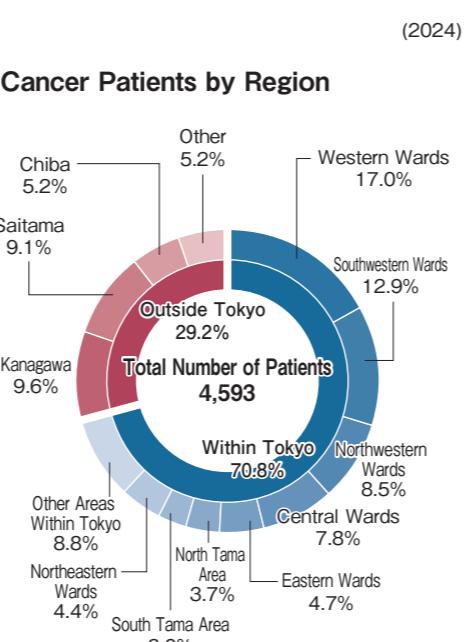
Type	Number
Prescriptions	Outpatient: 413,983 / Inpatient: 381,178
Inpatient Injections	Anti-cancer: 10,834 / General: 93,247
Outpatient Injections	Anti-cancer: 38,203 / Antibody: 12,776 / General: 14,051
Prescription Management Consultations	33,218
Units of Blood Used for Transfusions (200ml)	55,921
Number of Blood Transfusion Tests (cases)	88,169

Hospital Staff

(as of March 1 each fiscal year)

Type	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024
Doctors (Junior Resident)	905(88)	871(82)	875(77)	894(79)	883(75)
Dentists (Junior Resident)	39(15)	43(16)	41(15)	40(14)	40(15)
Nurses	1,015	1,030	1,051	1,073	1,111
Pharmacists	96	99	106	115	115
Lab Technicians	146	152	155	151	153
Radiology Technicians	83	86	85	86	88
Registered Dietitians	13	13	14	15	15
Dietitians	—	—	—	—	—
Orthoptists	14	14	16	18	19
Medical Engineers	29	31	32	34	37
Physician Therapists	13	13	14	16	17
Occupational Therapists	4	4	4	4	4
Speech Pathologists	5	6	6	6	6
Other Engineers	64	67	68	69	73
Administrative Staff	224	226	223	226	249
Other Technical Staff	84	71	73	72	74
Total Staff	2,734	2,726	2,763	2,819	2,884

Cancer Patients by Region



Financial Disclosure

Accounting at Keio University conforms to Educational Corporation Accounting Standards.

The following chart details the income and expenditures of the Keio University Hospital and School of Medicine (excluding the Shinanomachi Media Center) using the income and expenditure statement specified in the Educational Corporation Accounting Standards to disclose the income, expenditures, and balances of each fiscal year.

In accordance with the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT), expenses that are required for operations are treated as "medical expenses" under education and research. Other expenses are treated as either education and research or general administration expenses.

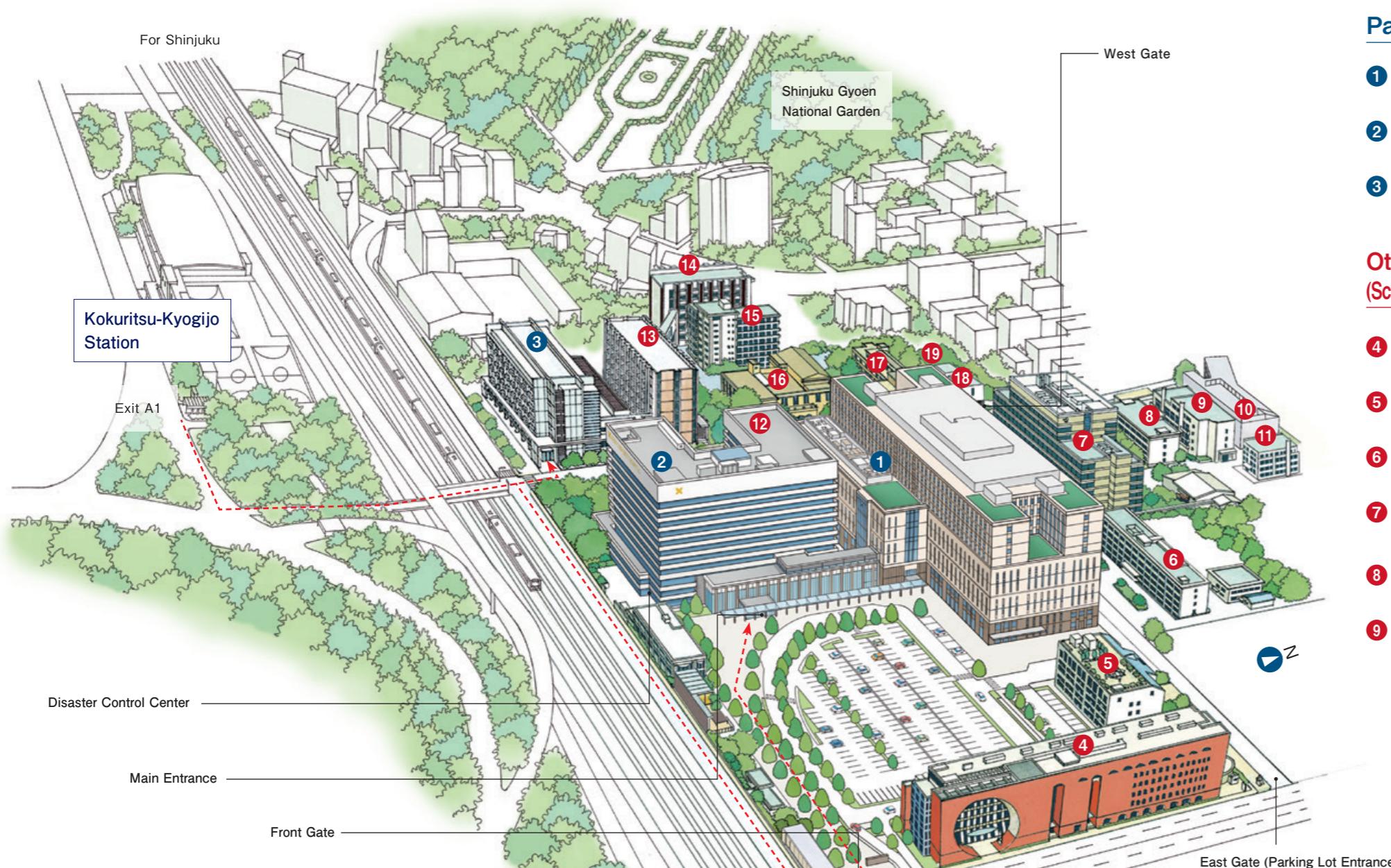
(FY2024)

	Items	Keio University Hospital and School of Medicine	Keio University
Income & Expenditures from Educational Activities			
Income from Business Activities			
Tuition	2,886,295	57,280,405	
Fees	94,058	2,148,850	
Contributions	1,443,377	4,627,164	
Subsidies	3,391,520	16,276,280	
Business Income	8,356,699	18,846,371	
Medical Income	79,546,939	79,546,939	
Other Income	2,247,760	5,370,788	
Educational Activity Income Total	97,966,649	184,096,798	
Business Activity Expenses			
Personnel	31,071,219	80,617,787	
Education and Research	65,570,682	101,603,966	
(Medical Expenses)	40,936,674	40,936,674	
General Administration	1,115,406	5,862,447	
Provision for Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	65,241	97,768	
Educational Activity Income Total	97,822,547	188,181,968	
Balance, Educational Activities	144,101	△4,085,170	
Non-Educational Activity Income & Expenditure			
Income from Business Activities			
Interest & Dividend Income	553,609	10,451,643	
Income from Other Non-Educational Activities	102,816	671,106	
Total Income from Non-Educational Activities	656,425	11,122,749	
Business Activity Expenses			
Interest on Borrowings	0	5,382	
Expenses from Other Non-Educational Activities	0	168,866	
Total Expenses from Non-Educational Activities	0	174,248	
Balance for Non-Educational Activities	656,425	10,948,500	
Current Account Balance			
	800,526	6,863,330	
Special Income & Expenditure			
Income from Business Activities			
Asset Sales Differential	0	0	
Other Special Income	287,135	3,072,940	
Special Income Total	287,135	3,072,940	
Business Activity Expenses			
Loss on Disposition	0	270,324	
Other Special Expenditures	48,298	62,807	
Special Expenditure Total	48,298	333,131	
Balance for Special Income & Expenditure	238,837	2,739,809	
Reserve Fund			
Current Fiscal Year Balance Before Transfer to Capital Fund	1,039,364	9,603,139	
Transfer to Capital Fund Total	△3,423,373	△9,800,508	
Current Fiscal Year Balance	△2,384,009	△197,368	
Balance at Beginning of Year		△163,044,280	
Balance at End of Year		△163,241,649	
(Reference)			
Total Income from Business Activities	98,910,209	198,292,487	
Total Expenses from Business Activities	97,870,845	188,689,347	

*Figures and averages are each rounded to the nearest whole number.

Campus Area Map

(as of August 2025)



Hospital Exterior



Main Entrance



① Building 1



② Building 2



③ Building 3 (South Wing)

Campus Buildings



⑦ Center for Integrated Medical Research



⑩ JSR-Keio University Medical and Chemical Innovation Center (JKiC)



⑬ Building 3 (North Wing)



⑭ Clinical Research Building



⑯ Kitasato Memorial Medical Library (Media Center)



⑰ Building for Preventive Medicine & Public Health

Patient Facilities

- ① Building 1
- ② Building 2
- ③ Building 3 (South Wing)

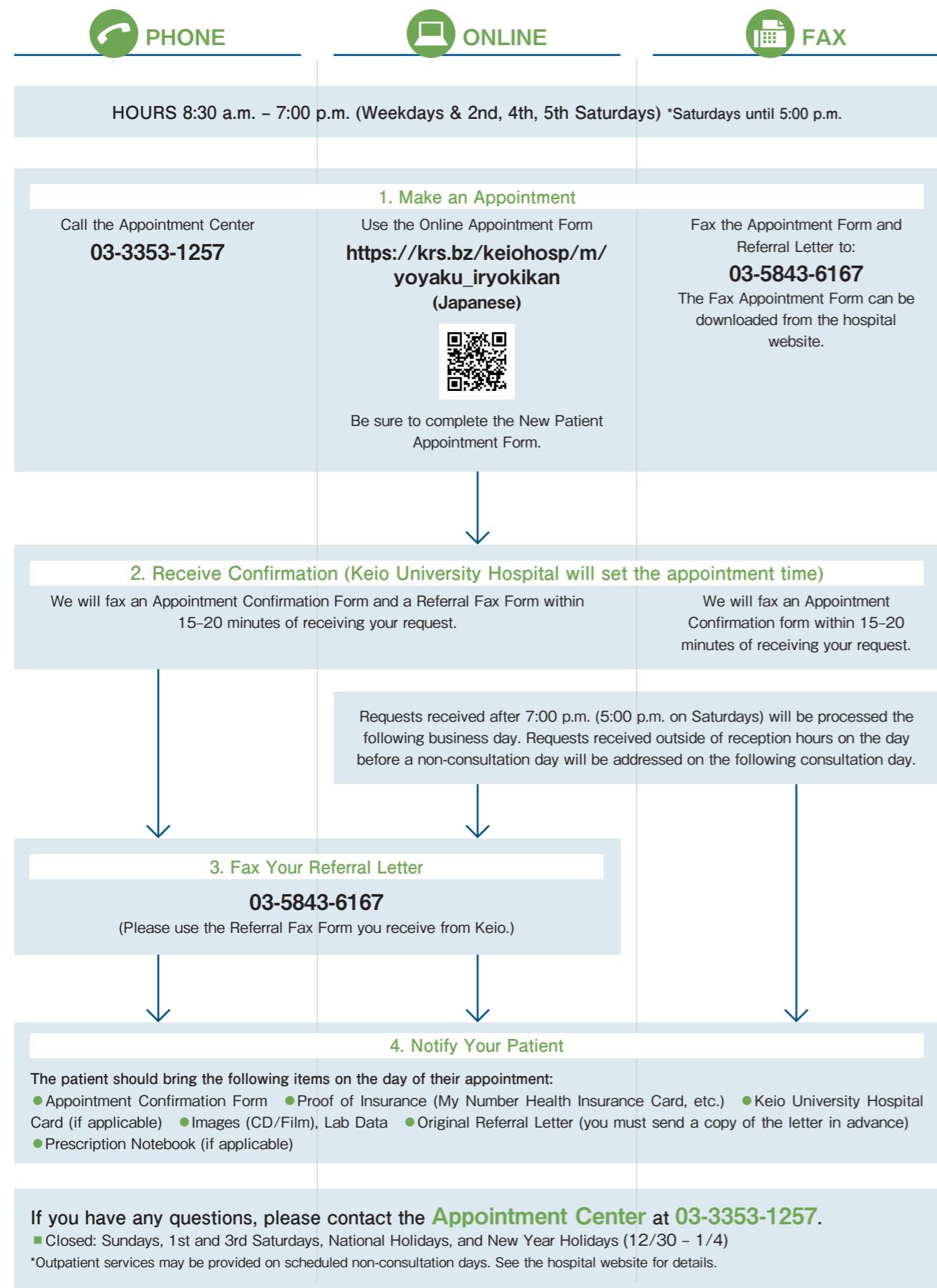
Other Facilities (School of Medicine/Research Facilities)

- ④ Shinanomachi Rengakan
- ⑤ Koyosha
- ⑥ East School Building
- ⑦ Center for Integrated Medical Research
- ⑧ Medical School Building
- ⑨ Education and Research Building
- ⑩ JSR-Keio University Medical and Chemical Innovation Center (JKiC)
- ⑪ North Annex
- ⑫ University Co-op
- ⑬ Building 3 (North Wing)
- ⑭ Clinical Research Building
- ⑮ Koubai-ryo (Dormitory)
- ⑯ Kitasato Memorial Medical Library (Media Center)
- ⑰ Building for Preventive Medicine and Public Health
- ⑱ Temporary Building D
- ⑲ Temporary Building E

For Health Care Providers

Referring a Patient

We have an appointment system in place to minimize wait time at the hospital for referral patients. Please follow the instructions below when making a referral.



For New Patients

Making an Appointment

Please follow the instructions below to make an appointment at the Keio University Hospital.

1. Please make the appointment for your initial visit through the online appointment system or call the outpatient appointment center.

URL: https://krs.bz/keiohosp/m/shoshin_yoyaku (Japanese)

Online Initial Appointment Form



When calling, be prepared to give the following information:

- Whether or not you have a referral letter
- Physician and department you wish to consult as well as a desired date
- Name, date of birth, and medical history at Keio University Hospital

After confirming the above information, we will be able to schedule your appointment.

2. Send a copy of your referral letter and health insurance card

Send to: Outpatient Appointment Center
Keio University Hospital
35 Shinanomachi, Shinjuku, Tokyo 160-8582

*To protect your privacy, please send your documents via delivery-certified mail.

*Referral letters must be received at least two days prior to your appointment.

*If scheduling doesn't allow enough time, you may bring your documents directly to the hospital on the day of your appointment.

3. Bring the following items on the day of your appointment

- Appointment Confirmation Form
- Proof of Insurance (My Number Health Insurance Card, etc.)
- Keio University Hospital Card (if applicable)
- Images (CD/Film), Lab Data
- Original Referral Letter
- Prescription Notebook (if applicable)

Arrival Time
Please arrive in time for your appointment.

Reception
Please visit the reception desk for new and returning patients at 1N on the first floor of Building 2.

If you have any questions, please contact the **Appointment Center** at **03-3353-1257**.

Center for Preventive Medicine and Comprehensive Medical Exams

The Center for Preventive Medicine aims to create a society where everyone can extend their healthy lifespan and enjoy lifelong wellness and well-being through next-generation preventive healthcare services.

Features

1. High-quality examinations made possible through collaboration with Keio University Hospital
2. A comfortable facility environment designed with privacy in mind
3. Installation of state-of-the-art diagnostic equipment with advanced capabilities
4. Comprehensive follow-up and support provided through a multidisciplinary team framework
5. Personalized health programs tailored to meet each individual's needs

Please visit our website for more information on our personalized health programs and details on how to choose which is right for you. If you would like a brochure, please do not hesitate to contact us by phone.



Azabudai Hills, Mori JP Tower, 5th Floor

1-3-1 Azabudai, Minato-ku, Tokyo 106-0041

URL: <https://cpm.hosp.keio.ac.jp/en/>

Tel: 03-6910-3533

Hours: 8:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. (Weekdays & 2nd, 4th, 5th Saturdays)

Center for Preventive Medicine Website

